



Math Olympiad and Problem Solving Programs
E220 - Intermediate Math Competitions
Problem Set 15.1 - The Pascal Triangle

Name:

Date:

1. $x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1$
2. $x^6 - 3x^4y^2 + 3x^2y^4 - y^6$
3. There was an error in the problem. The end term should have been 3^3 , not just 3. If the end term was 3^3 , then the answer would have been $(17 + 3)^3 = 20^3 = 8000$, which I accepted. The true answer of the problem that was written was 7976.
4. 19487171
5. Two possibilities. 1,6,21,56,126 1,4,10,20,35,56,84
6. $2^{10} = 1024$
7. $\binom{8}{2} = 28$
8. Free point.
9. This counting problem can be visualized as placing 3 heads into 7 available spots. We know we toss a coin 7 times, and we want combinations of 3 heads and 4 tails. So we think of it as placing our 3 heads in our sequence of 7, and then the extra blank 4 spots will be filled with tails. The way we do this is with combinatorics. So $\binom{7}{3} = \binom{7}{4} = 35$
10. We need to find how many of $\binom{25}{n}$ will result in an odd number. We only need to do values of $0 \leq n \leq 13$ because they are symmetrical for the larger numbers for n . So if we find how many n 's produce an odd number between 0 and 13, we will just multiply by 2 to count the n 's between 14 and 25. Obviously, $\binom{25}{0} = 1$, so there is one odd. Then $\binom{25}{1} = 25$, which is odd. Now consider $\binom{25}{8} = 1081575$ and $\binom{25}{9} = 2042975$, so we have 2 more odds. So there are 4 odds between 0 and 13, so there are $2 \times 4 = 8$ odd numbers in the 25th row.